

#### Working with big data



# **Aims and objectives**

The aim of this user guide is to provide information and guidance for researchers who are working with large datasets for the first time.

Specifically, this user guide will:

- provide general advice for working with large datasets;
- provide advice and guidance for data preparation and cleaning;
- suggest general data processing and analysis guidance.



#### General

- Working with large datasets is no more complicated than working with smaller datasets
- It still requires a strict systematic approach
- It often requires learning a new statistical software package: SPSS and Excel do not have the capacity or functions for big data analytics
- Invest in courses or watching online tutorials and videos (eg Stata, SAS, R, Python)
- Invest time in understanding longitudinal methodologies (if relevant), eg replenishment of participants, withdrawals, statistical methodologies



### **Data preparation**

- Collaborate: the Data Portal provides the opportunity to share your workspace with other members of your team
- Use all resources accompanying datasets, eg data dictionaries, cohort profile papers, existing journal articles, code books
- Invest time in reading and researching original questionnaires where relevant and available
- Maintain electronic notetaking throughout for audit and publication purposes



# Data cleaning

- Work using scripts and electronic notebooks do not attempt to change the master dataset or duplicate a copy
- Investigate using derived variables and existing algorithms
- Understand the variables and the differences between each individual variable (eg 'slices of bread eaten' vs 'slices of bread eaten with spread')
- Time spent cleaning the data will be time well spent when it comes to processing the data
- Carefully consider the missing data and how they are coded determine how they will be replaced



## Data processing and analysis

- Use a systematic labelling system and clearly defined scripts which outline processes and procedures (eg a 'Do-file' in Stata)
- Consider big data methods such as structural equation models, machine and deep learning, and psychometric methodologies
- Consider individual cohort coding differences (eg how is gender coded across the individual cohorts?)
- Research the interpretation of output in large datasets (ie look beyond the *p* values which may all be significant due to sample size)
- Consider testing scripts and code on smaller subsets first





# There is more support available for you online

www.dementiasplatform.uk/supportforresearchers

If you have any questions, please get in touch

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